

Second edition  
2011-04-15

AMENDMENT 3  
2014-04-15

---

---

**Identification cards — Contactless  
integrated circuit cards — Proximity  
cards —**

**Part 3:  
Initialization and anticollision**

**AMENDMENT 3: Alternating between  
PICC and PCD functionalities, and PICC  
supporting both types**

*Cartes d'identification — Cartes à circuit(s) intégré(s) sans contact —  
Cartes de proximité —*

*Partie 3: Initialisation et anticollision*

*AMENDEMENT 3: Alternance entre fonctionnalités PICC et PCD, et  
PICC supportant les deux types*



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO/IEC 2014

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11  
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47  
E-mail [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Web [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

Published in Switzerland

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Amendment 3 to ISO/IEC 14443-3:2011 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, Subcommittee SC 17, Cards and personal identification*.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 14443-3:2011/AMD3:2014

# Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards —

## Part 3: Initialization and anticollision

### AMENDMENT 3: Alternating between PICC and PCD functionalities, and PICC supporting both types

*Page 1, Clause 1*

Add new bullet after last bullet:

- optional capability to allow a device to alternate between the functions of a PICC and a PCD to communicate with a PCD or a PICC, respectively. A device which implements this capability is called a PXD and shall comply with all PXD requirements in this standard.

Replace last paragraph by:

This part of ISO/IEC 14443 is applicable to PICCs of Type A and of Type B and PCDs (as described in ISO/IEC 14443-2) and to PXDs.

*Page 2, Clause 3*

Add new definitions and renumber all definitions in alphabetical order:

#### **3.7**

##### **PICC Mode**

Mode in which a PXD operates as a PICC

#### **3.8**

##### **PCD Mode**

Mode in which a PXD operates as a PCD

*Page 2, Clause 4*

Add new symbols and abbreviated terms and list all symbols and abbreviated terms in alphabetical order:

PXD Proximity eXtended Device

$t_{cyc}$  maximum automatic mode alternation cycle time

$t_{diff}$  minimum time difference of PICC Mode durations

*Page 5, Clause 5*

Move existing Clause 5, subclauses 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.4 into new subclauses 5.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.3 and 5.2.4, respectively.

Replace all references to "Clause 5" by "5.2".

Create new Clause 5 and subclause 5.1:

## 5 Initial dialogs

### 5.1 Alternating PICC and PCD support (PXD)

A proximity extended device (PXD) shall alternately support PICC requirements (PICC Mode) and PCD requirements (PCD Mode).

The alternation between the PICC Mode and the PCD Mode may be either automatic or a Mode (PICC Mode or PCD Mode) may be explicitly selected by the user.

The PICC Mode and the PCD Mode are defined as PICC and PCD in ISO/IEC 14443.

The automatic alternation is defined as follows:

- the PXD shall alternate between the PICC Mode and the PCD Mode with maximum cycle time  $t_{cyc} = 1$  s and shall stay in PICC Mode (ready for receiving REQA/WUPA or REQB/WUPB commands, except for the first 5 ms) longer than in PCD Mode (generating operating field), until a communication to either a PICC, a PCD or another PXD is established,
- the PXD shall randomly set the PICC Mode duration for each cycle to a value chosen from a set of at least 2 different values differing by at least  $t_{diff} = 5$  ms between each of them,
- in PICC Mode, after reception of a valid REQA/WUPA or REQB/WUPB command, the PXD shall not go in PCD Mode before a POWER-OFF state,
- when leaving the PCD Mode after processing of a PICC (or a PXD in PICC mode), the PXD shall resume its automatic mode alternation with the PICC Mode first.

NOTE 1 The PXD may check the presence of external operating field to decide not to enter PCD Mode, i.e. to stay in PICC Mode for a further random PICC Mode duration.

NOTE 2 The detection of the removal of a PICC (or PXD in PICC Mode) should be done by a PICC presence check method without switching off the operating field to keep the same UID/PUPI and to avoid PXD entering the PCD Mode.

*Page 5, 5.1 renumbered to 5.2*

Add the following examples after EXAMPLE 4:

EXAMPLE 5 When a PICC supporting Type A and Type B is exposed to field activation it shall be able to accept a REQA (or WUPA) within 5 ms of unmodulated operating field.

EXAMPLE 6 When a PICC supporting Type A and Type B is exposed to field activation it shall be able to accept a REQB (or WUPB) within 5 ms of unmodulated operating field.

Add the following paragraph and note at the end and renumber existing NOTE to NOTE 1:

If the PICC supports Type A and Type B, then it shall be locked in the type of the first processed request command (after Answer to Request of one type, the other type is disabled until the PICC enters POWER-OFF state).

NOTE 2 PCDs may need to adapt their polling cycles if they want to detect such a PICC in the disabled type.